## SENATE BILL NO. \_\_\_\_\_ HOUSE BILL NO. \_\_\_\_

- A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-2223.1 and 15.2-4208 of the Code of Virginia, relating to urban
- development areas.

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- **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**
- 4 1. That §§ 15.2-2223.1 and 15.2-4208 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
- 6 § 15.2-2223.1. Comprehensive plan to include urban development areas.
  - A. For purposes of this section:
  - "Population growth" means the difference in population from the next-to-latest to the latest decennial census year, based on population reported by the United States Bureau of the Census.

"Urban development area" means an area designated by a locality that is (i) appropriate for higher density development due to its proximity to transportation facilities, the availability of a public or community water and sewer system, or a developed area, and (ii), to the extent feasible, to be used for redevelopment or infill development. Such designated area may be referred to, by a locality, by a term other than "urban development area."

B. Every county, city, or town locality that has adopted zoning pursuant to Article 7 (§ 15.2-2280 et seq.) of Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 this chapter and that (i) has a population of at least 20,000 and population growth of at least 5% or (ii) has population growth of 15% or more, shall, and any county, eity or town locality may, amend its comprehensive plan to incorporate one or more urban development areas. For purposes of this section, population growth shall be the difference in population from the next to latest to the latest decennial census year, based on population reported by the United States Bureau of the Census. For purposes of this section, an urban development area is an area designated by a locality that is appropriate for higher density development due to proximity to transportation facilities, the availability of a public or community water and sewer system, or proximity to a city, town, or other developed area.

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1. The comprehensive plan of a locality having a population of less than 50,000 persons shall provide for commercial and residential densities within urban development areas that are appropriate for reasonably compact development at a density of at least three two-family or three-family residences, four residential units single-family residences as defined in § 55-248.4, six townhouses, or 12 apartments as defined in § 55-79.2, condominium units as defined in § 55-79.41, or cooperative units per gross acre, or any proportional combination thereof, and a minimum floor area ratio of 0.4 per gross acre for commercial development.

The comprehensive plan of a locality having a population between 50,000 and 100,000 persons shall provide for commercial and residential densities within urban development areas that are appropriate for reasonably compact development at a density of at least four two-family or three-family residences, eight single-family residences as defined in § 55-248.4, 12 townhouses, or 24 apartments as defined in § 55-79.2, condominium units as defined in § 55-79.41, or cooperative units, per gross acre, or any proportional combination thereof, and a minimum floor area ratio of 0.8 per gross acre for commercial development.

The comprehensive plan of a locality having a population of greater than 100,000 persons shall provide for commercial and residential densities within urban development areas that are appropriate for reasonably compact development at a density of at least five two-family or three-family residences, 12 single-family residences as defined in § 55-248.4, 18 townhouses, or 36 apartments as defined in § 55-79.2, condominium units as defined in § 55-79.41, or cooperative units, per gross acre, or any proportional combination thereof, and a minimum floor area ratio of 1.2 per gross acre for commercial development.

The urban development areas may provide for a mix of residential housing types, including affordable housing, to meet the projected family income distributions of future residential growth. The comprehensive plan shall designate one or more

2. The urban development areas designated by a locality shall be sufficient to meet projected residential and commercial growth in the locality for an ensuing period of at least 10 but not more than 20 years, which may include phasing of development within the urban development areas. The urban

development areas may provide for a mix of residential housing types, including affordable housing, to meet the projected family income distributions of future residential growth. Future residential and commercial growth shall be based on official estimates and projections of the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service of the University of Virginia or other official government sources, official projections of the Virginia Employment Commission or the United States Bureau of the Census, data collected and maintained by relevant planning district commissions, or any combination thereof.

3. The boundaries and size of each urban development area shall be reexamined and, if necessary, revised every five years in conjunction with the update of the comprehensive plan and in accordance with the most recent available population growth estimates and projections. Such districts may be areas designated for redevelopment or infill development.

B. The comprehensive plan shall further incorporate 4. Each urban development area shall be designed and developed in accordance with principles of new urbanism and traditional neighborhood development, which may shall, to the extent the locality deems practicable, include but need not be limited to (i) pedestrian-friendly road design, (ii) interconnection of new local streets with existing local streets and roads, (iii) connectivity of road and pedestrian networks, (iv) preservation of natural areas, (v) satisfaction of requirements for stormwater management, (vi) mixed-use neighborhoods, including mixed housing types, (vii) reduction of front and side yard building setbacks, and (viii) reduction of subdivision street widths and turning radii at subdivision street intersections.

€5. The comprehensive plan shall describe any financial and other incentives for development in the urban development areas.

<u>DC</u>. No <u>county, city, or town locality</u> that has amended its comprehensive plan in accordance with this section shall limit or prohibit development pursuant to <u>existing any</u> zoning <u>ordinance</u> or shall refuse to consider any application for rezoning based solely on the fact that the property is located outside the urban development area.

ED. Any county, city, or town locality that would be required to amend its plan pursuant to this section subsection B that determines that its plan accommodates growth in a manner consistent with this section subsection B, upon adoption of a resolution certifying describing such compliance

accommodation and describing any financial and other incentives for development in the areas that accommodate such growth, shall not be required to further amend its plan pursuant to subsection B.

FE. Any county that amends its comprehensive plan pursuant to this section subsection B may designate one or more urban development areas in any incorporated town within such county, if the governing body council of the town has also amended its comprehensive plan to designate the same areas as urban development areas with at least the same density designated by the county.

GF. To the extent possible, state and local transportation, housing, and economic development funding shall be directed to the urban development area, or in the case of a locality that adopts a resolution pursuant to subsection D, to the area that accommodates growth in a manner consistent with this section.

§ 15.2-4208. General duties of planning district commissions.

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Planning district commissions shall have the following duties and authority:

- 1. To conduct studies on issues and problems of regional significance;
- 2. To identify and study potential opportunities for state and local cost savings and staffing efficiencies through coordinated governmental efforts;
  - 3. To identify mechanisms for the coordination of state and local interests on a regional basis;
  - 4. To implement services upon request of member localities;
  - 5. To provide technical assistance to state government and member localities;
  - 6. To serve as a liaison between localities and state agencies as requested;
  - 7. To review local government aid applications as required by § 15.2-4213 and other state or federal law or regulation;
    - 8. To conduct strategic planning for the region as required by §§ 15.2-4209 through 15.2-4212;
  - 9. To develop regional functional area plans as deemed necessary by the commission or as requested by member localities;
    - 10. To assist state agencies, as requested, in the development of substate plans;
  - 11. To participate in a statewide geographic information system, the Virginia Geographic Information Network, as directed by the Department of Planning and Budget; and

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12. To collect and maintain demographic, economic and other data concerning the region and member localities, and act as a state data center affiliate in cooperation with the Virginia Employment Commission-; and

13. To provide planning assistance and data described in subdivision 12 to member localities as is necessary for their designations of urban development areas, as defined in § 15.2-2223.1.

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