

RURAL RETREAT, TOWN OF  
County of Wythe.

Incorporated by Circuit Court of Wythe County, July 24, 1911; repealed 1954, c. 235.  
Charter, 1954, c. 235.

Amended 1981, c. 571 (§ 16A [added]).

§ 1. The inhabitants of the territory embraced within the present limits of the Town of Rural Retreat, in Wythe County, Virginia, as hereinafter defined, or as the same may be hereafter altered and established by law, shall constitute and continue a body politic and corporate to be known and designated as the Town of Rural Retreat, and as such shall have and may exercise all powers which are now, or may hereafter be, conferred upon or delegated to towns under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia as fully and as completely as though said powers were specifically enumerated herein, and no enumeration of particular powers herein shall be held to be exclusive. (1954, c. 235)

§ 2. The territory embraced within the present limits of the Town of Rural Retreat is described by metes and bounds in an order of incorporation of the town entered by the Circuit Court of Wythe County, Virginia, on the 24th day of July, 1911, as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Z. M. Neff's lot, thence, N 89° W 172 poles to a stake in W. S. Wampler's lot; thence, N 1½° W 49 poles crossing Luther Street and the Norfolk & Western Railway to the north side of alley at Repass Umberger's; thence, with said alley S 89° E 35 poles to southwest corner of John Buck's yard; thence, N 1½° W 15 poles to a stake northwest of John Buck's barn; thence, S 89° E 57 poles to a stake in W. E. Richmond's lot near the northwest corner of W. A. Richmond's yard; thence N 1½° W 56 poles to a point west of W. E. Brown's barn; thence N 45° E 57 poles crossing lots of W. E. Brown, W. G. Howe, Chas. Coffee and Henry Buck and to a stake on south side of road leading to old Mt. Airy; thence crossing south side of lots belonging to Captain Davis, and Frank Heldreth; S 61° E 51 poles to a stake on east side of road leading to Black Lick; thence, with said road S 24° W 17 poles; thence, S 64° E 14½ poles to a stake on east side of Main Street; thence, S 14° E 12 poles at northeast corner of W. S. Lindsay's barn; thence, S 89° E 118 poles to a stake in Boyd Davis' lot; thence, crossing Buck Street and with the east side of Public School lot crossing Norfolk & Western Railway S 8° W 107 poles to a stake in A. B. Hendrick's field; thence, crossing Dr. Eversole's lot N 89° W 44 poles to a stake on east side of Eversole Street; thence, N 60° W 24 poles to a stake at corner of Dr. Phipps and Robert Huddle N 89° W 51½ poles to a stake on east side of Main Street near southwest corner of Catron lot; thence, with Main Street S 2° W 15½ poles to the beginning. (1954, c. 235)

§ 3. The government of the town of Rural Retreat shall be vested in a mayor and a body to be known as the council of the town of Rural Retreat, which council shall consist of six members, all of whom, as well as the mayor, shall be residents and qualified voters of the town. (1954, c. 235)

§ 4. The mayor shall be elected, in the manner provided by law, at the regular municipal election to be held on the second Tuesday in June, 1954, and every four years thereafter, for a term of four years beginning on the first day of September next following his election. (1954, c. 235)

§ 5. The council shall be elected, in the manner provided by law. as follows: At the regular municipal election to be held on the second Tuesday in June, 1954, all six members shall be elected. The three members receiving the highest number of votes in said election shall serve as members of the council for terms of four years each. The remaining three members shall serve for terms of two years each. The terms of all six councilmen shall commence on the first day of September next following their election. At the regular municipal election to be held on the second Tuesday in June, 1956, and every four years thereafter, three councilmen shall be elected each for a term of four years beginning on the first day of September next following their election. At the regular municipal election to be held on the second Tuesday in June, 1958, and every four years thereafter, three councilmen shall be elected each for a term of four years beginning on the first day of September next following their election. (1954, c. 235)

§ 6. The mayor and each councilman elected as hereinabove provided shall serve for the term stated or until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. (1954, c. 235)

§ 7. The council shall be a continuing body and no measure pending before such body shall abate or be discontinued by reason of expiration of term of office or removal of any of its members. Vacancies in the council shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining members of the council. Vacancies in the office of mayor shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the members of the council. The present mayor and council shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they were respectively elected. (1954, c. 235)

§ 8. The council shall, by ordinance, fix the time for their regular meetings. Special meetings shall be called by the clerk of the council upon request of the mayor or any three councilmen.

Reasonable notice of each special meeting shall be given each member of the council. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except that for which the special meeting is called, except by a two-thirds vote of all of the members of the council. The mayor shall preside over the meetings of the council but he shall vote only in the event of a tie. (1954, c. 235)

§ 9. The council shall also elect one of its members as Vice-Mayor who shall perform the duties and functions of the Mayor when he is absent or otherwise unable to perform. (1954, c. 235)

§ 10. In addition to their duties, the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and all members of the council shall be ex officio conservators of the peace within the town and within one mile of the corporate limits thereof. (1954, c. 235)

§ 11. The Mayor shall be the official head of the government of the town and shall perform such services as he may be directed by the council to perform or as may be provided by law or as may be necessary or proper, and he and the councilmen shall receive such compensation as the council may provide. (1954, c. 235)

§ 12. The Mayor, or, in his absence or inability to perform, the Vice-Mayor, shall have jurisdiction for the trial of all violations of all ordinances of the Town of Rural Retreat, and collection of town taxes or assessments, or any other debts due and owing to said town, and to issue warrants and summons witnesses, to issue capias, to fix bail, take bonds and pass upon the qualifications of sureties thereto, to issue search warrants, and to perform all other duties and proper functions as such trial officer of the town;

provided a resolution is adopted by a majority of the members of the council establishing such right and authority in this connection. (1954, c. 235)

§ 13. The council shall appoint a clerk, a treasurer, a town sergeant and deputies, and such other officers and employees as the council may deem necessary or proper, including a town manager or town engineer all of whom shall hold office or employment at and during the pleasure of the council and shall qualify for their respective offices as required by law and shall furnish such bonds as may be required by the council. Officers and employees so appointed by the council, shall perform such services, in addition to the services herein enumerated, and shall receive such compensation as the council may provide. (1954, c. 235)

§ 14. All contracts and obligations heretofore made by the council of the town of Rural Retreat, while in office, not inconsistent with this charter, or the Constitution, or the general laws of this State shall be, and are hereby declared to be, valid and legal. (1954, c. 235)

§ 15. The administrative and executive powers of the town, and including the power of appointment of officers and employees, are vested in the town council. (1954, c. 235)

§ 16. The town council and the Mayor shall be responsible for the proper administration of all the general law and all ordinances or resolutions of the council and shall see that all laws and ordinances are enforced; shall see that all terms and conditions imposed in favor of the town or its inhabitants in any public utility franchise or any contract are faithfully kept and performed; shall exercise supervision and control over all departments and divisions of the town government and shall have general supervision over all public improvements, works, and undertakings; shall prepare and adopt the annual budget; shall make all such contracts in behalf of the town as may be authorized by this charter or by general law; shall make all necessary and proper purchases for the town; and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by this charter or which are now, or may hereafter be, conferred upon them under the laws of Virginia. (1954, c. 235)

§ 16A. Powers of the town.

The powers set forth in §§ 15.1-837 through 15.1-907, inclusive, of Chapter 18 of Title 15.1 of the Code of Virginia, and all other powers which are now or may be conferred upon or delegated to towns under the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth and all other powers pertinent to the conduct of a town government are hereby specifically conferred on and vested in the town of Rural Retreat, and no enumeration of particular powers in the charter shall be held to be exclusive but shall be in addition to and supplement the general grant of powers. (1981, c. 571)

§ 17. The town sergeant shall have the same powers and perform the duties both in civil and criminal cases prescribed by the State law for sergeants of towns and he shall be subject to like penalties. He shall also perform such duties in relation to streets and water works of the town and such other duties as may be required of him by the council. He shall especially see that all ordinances are observed, and he shall report to the mayor any violation of the same, and for any violation occurring in his presence he may arrest for the same forthwith. (1954, c. 235)

§ 18. The treasurer shall be the collector and custodian, except as otherwise ordered by the council, of all town taxes, levies, licenses and of all revenue and other

moneys of the town from water or any other source, and shall disburse the same as ordered by the council. He shall have as to town taxes, levies, licenses and revenues all the powers vested by the State law in county and city treasurers, and shall be subject to like penalties. He shall make off all tax tickets and water tickets, and shall keep such books of account and records and perform all such duties in relation to the collection and disbursement of the moneys of the town as may be prescribed by the council, and he shall make his settlements at the time and in the manner prescribed by the council. (1954, c. 235)

§ 19. The town clerk shall attend all meetings of the council, keep its minutes, preserve and keep on file all papers pertaining to the business of the town; keep such books of account and any and all records which the council may require to be kept; perform the duties of commissioner of the revenue for the town, extend assessments, make off and deliver to the treasurer annually at such time as the council may prescribe the land and property book or books of the town, assess all license taxes required by the ordinances and report such assessments to the treasurer for collection; keep such records of delinquent taxes as may be required by the council; keep such records concerning the water works of the town as may be required by the council; issue permits to water takers; keep a complete record of all water takers and of all contracts and permits; furnish to the treasurer, at such times as the council may prescribe, a list of such water takers, with rates to be paid by each, and amount due or to be paid whether by meter or flat rate; and perform such other and further duties as clerk of the council, as commissioner of the revenue, and in respect to the water works, as may from time to time be prescribed by the council. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20. In addition to the powers elsewhere enumerated and those conferred by general law, the town shall have the powers enumerated in §§ 20.1 to 20.32, inclusive: (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.1. To raise annually, by levy of taxes, and assessments in the said town, on all such property, real and personal, and every interest therein, including remainders and reversions, as is now or may be subject to taxation by towns under the laws of this Commonwealth, such sums of money as the council thereof shall deem necessary for the purpose of the said town, in such manner as the said council shall deem expedient in accordance with the Constitution of this State and of the United States; provided, however, that it shall impose no taxes on the bonds of the said town. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.2. To impose special or local assessments for local improvements and to force payment thereof, subject to such limitations prescribed by the Constitution and laws as may be in force at the time of the imposition of such special or local assessments. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.3. To own, operate and maintain water works and to acquire in any lawful manner in any county of the State, such water, lands, property rights, and riparian rights as the council of the said town may deem necessary for the purpose of providing an adequate supply to the said town and of piping and conducting the same; to lay, erect and maintain all necessary mains and service lines, either within or without the corporate limits of the said town, for the distribution of water to its customers and consumers, both within and without the corporate limits of the said town and to charge and collect water rents therefor; to erect and maintain all necessary dams, pumping stations and other works in connection therewith; to make reasonable rules and regulations for promoting

the purity of its said water supply and for protecting the same from pollution; and for this purpose to exercise full police powers and sanitary control over all land comprised within the limits of the water shed tributary to any such water supply wherever such lands may be located in this State; to impose and enforce adequate penalties for the violation of any such rules and regulations; and to prevent by injunction any pollution or threatened pollution of such water supply, and any and all acts likely to impair the purity thereof. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.4. (a) The town may, in the name of and for the use of the town, contract debts and make and issue, or cause to be made and issued as evidence thereof, bonds, notes or other obligations, within the limitations prescribed by the Constitution, and in accordance with the provisions of law concerning bond issues by towns, upon the credit of the town, or solely upon the credit of specific property owned by the town, or solely upon the credit of income derived from property used in connection with any public utility owned and operated by the town.

(b) Pending the issuance and sale of any bonds, notes or other obligations by this act authorized, or in anticipation of the receipt of taxes and revenues of the current fiscal year, it shall be lawful for the town to borrow money temporarily and to issue notes or other evidences of indebtedness therefor, within the limits fixed by the Constitution of Virginia or to use current funds to be ultimately repaid from the proceeds of the said bonds, notes or other obligations or from the town taxes and revenues, as the case may be. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.5. To expend the money of the town for all lawful purposes. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.6. To collect and dispose of sewage, offal, ashes, garbage, carcasses of dead animals and other refuse, and to make reasonable charges therefor; to acquire and operate reduction or any other plants for the utilization or destruction of such materials, or any of them; to require or regulate the collection and disposal thereof. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.7. To acquire by purchase, gift, devise, condemnation or otherwise property, real or personal, or any estate therein within the town, for any of the purposes of the town; and to hold, improve, sell, lease, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of the same or any part thereof, including any property now owned by the town, provided the town shall not take by condemnation proceedings, under this or any other section of this charter, any property belonging to any corporation possessing the power of eminent domain, unless, after hearing all parties in interest, the State Corporation Commission shall certify that a public necessity or that an essential public convenience shall so require, and shall give its permission thereto. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.8. To license and regulate the holding and location of shows, circuses, public exhibitions, carnivals, and other similar shows or fairs within the town, or prohibit the holding of the same, or any of them within the town or within one mile of the corporate limits thereof. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.9. To inspect, test, measure and weigh any commodity or commodities, or articles of consumption for use within the town; and to establish, regulate, license and inspect weights, meters, measures and scales. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.10. To require every resident of the town who shall own, or have in his custody or under his control, a vehicle of any kind which shall be operated on the streets, alleys, or public ways of the town, and every person not a resident of the town, who shall habitually operate on the streets, alleys, or public ways of the town a vehicle of any kind

for the purpose of pickup or delivery in connection with the conduct of a business, other than a transportation business, wherever located, to annually register such vehicles on a date to be designated by the council and to obtain a license to operate the same by making application to the treasurer of the town, or such other person as may be designated by the council of the said town, to require the said owner or custodian to pay an annual license fee therefor to be fixed by the council, provided that the said license fee shall not exceed the amount charged by the State on the said vehicle, and to prohibit the use of streets, alleys, or public ways of the town without such license. No such license shall be required of a nonresident of the town who shall use a vehicle exclusively for his personal transportation to and from a place of business within the town. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.11. To construct, establish, purchase, or to otherwise acquire, maintain, regulate and operate public utilities and facilities of all kinds, including bus lines, transportation systems, cemeteries, municipal and other buildings, armories, sewage disposal plants, jails, comfort stations, markets, and all buildings and structures necessary or appropriate for the use and proper operation of the various departments of the town; and to acquire by condemnation or otherwise, all lands, riparian and other rights, and easements necessary for such improvements, or any of them, within the town, and to construct, maintain or aid therein, roads and bridges to any property owned by the said town and situate beyond the corporate limits thereof, and to acquire land necessary for the aforesaid by condemnation or otherwise. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.12. To acquire, establish, enter, open, widen, extend, grade, improve, construct, maintain and clean public highways, streets, sidewalks, boulevards, parkways, and alleys, and to alter, vacate, or close the same; to establish and maintain parks, golf courses, playgrounds, and public grounds, to keep them lighted and in good order; to construct, maintain and operate bridges, viaducts, subways, tunnels, sewers and drains and to regulate the use of all such highways, parks, public grounds and works; to plant and maintain or remove shade trees along the streets and upon such public grounds; to prevent the obstruction of such streets and highways; to regulate the operation and speed of cars, and vehicles upon said streets and highways, within the town and for a distance of one mile from the limits thereof; and to do all other things whatsoever adapted to make said streets and highways safe, convenient and attractive. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.13. To construct in such parks, playgrounds, and public grounds, as it may maintain, or upon any town property, stadiums, swimming pools, gymnasias, and recreation or amusement buildings, structures, or inclosures of every character, refreshment stands, restaurants, et cetera; to charge admissions for use of the same, and to rent out or lease the privileges of construction or using such stadiums, swimming pools, recreation or amusement buildings, structures, or inclosures of every character, refreshment stands, or restaurants, et cetera. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.14. To establish, impose, and enforce the collection of water, and sewage rates, and rates and charges for public utilities, or other services, products, or conveniences, operated, rented or furnished by the town; and to assess, or cause to be assessed, after reasonable notice to the owner or owners, water and sewage rates and charges directly against the owner or owners of the buildings or against the proper tenant or tenants; and in event such rates and charges shall be assessed against a tenant then the council may, by ordinance, require of such tenant a deposit of such reasonable amount as

it may by such ordinance prescribe before furnishing such service to such tenant. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.15. To establish, construct, and maintain sanitary sewers, sewer lines and systems, and to require the abutting property owners to connect therewith and to establish, construct, maintain and operate sewage disposal plants, and to acquire by condemnation or otherwise, within the town, all lands, rights of way, riparian and other rights, and easements necessary for the purposes aforesaid, and to charge, assess, and collect reasonable fees, rentals, assessments or costs of service for connection with and using the same. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.16. To own, operate and maintain electric light and gas works, either within or without the corporate limits of the town and to supply electricity and gas whether the same be generated or purchased by said town, to its customers and consumers both without and within the corporate limits of the said town, at such price and upon such terms as the council may prescribe, and to that end it may contract and purchase electricity and gas from the owners thereof upon such terms as it may deem expedient. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.17. Subject to the provisions of the Constitution and general laws of Virginia and this charter, to grant franchises for public utilities; provided, however, the town shall at any time have the power to contract for, own, operate, manage, sell, encumber or otherwise dispose of, either within or without the town any and all public utilities for the town and to sell the services thereof. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.18. To charge and to collect fees for permits to use public facilities and for public services and privileges. The said town shall have the power and right to charge a different rate for any service rendered or convenience furnished to citizens without the corporate limits from the rates charged for similar service to citizens within the corporate limits. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.19. To compel the abatement and removal of all nuisances within the town or upon property owned by the town beyond its limits at the expense of the person or persons causing the same, or of the owner or occupant of the ground or premises whereon the same may be, and to collect said expense by suit or motion or by distress and sale; to require all lands, lots and other premises within the town, to be kept clean and sanitary and free from stagnant water, weeds, filth and unsightly deposits, or to make them so at the expense of the owners or occupants thereof, and to collect said expense by suit or motion or by distress and sale; to regulate, or prevent slaughter houses or other noisome or offensive business within the said town, the keeping of hogs, or other animals, poultry or other fowl therein, or the exercise of any dangerous or unwholesome business, trade or employment therein; to regulate the transportation of all articles through the streets of the town; to compel the abatement of smoke and dust and prevent unnecessary noise; to regulate the location of stables and the manner in which they shall be kept and constructed; to regulate the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of billboards, signs, advertising, and generally to define, prohibit, abate, suppress and prevent all things detrimental to the health, morals, safety, convenience and welfare of the inhabitants of the town; and to require all owners or occupants of property having sidewalks in front thereof to keep the same clean and sanitary, and free from all weeds, filth, unsightly deposits, ice and snow. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.20. To extinguish and prevent fires, to abate fire hazards, and to establish, regulate and control a fire department or divisions, to regulate the size, height, materials and construction of buildings, fences, walls, retaining walls and other structures hereafter erected, in such manner as the public safety and conveniences may require; to remove or require to be removed or reconstructed any building, structure or addition thereto which by reason of dilapidation, defect of structure or other causes may have become dangerous to life or property, or which may be erected contrary to law; to establish and designate from time to time fire limits, within which limits wooden buildings shall not be constructed, removed, added to, enlarged or repaired and to direct that any or all future buildings within such limits shall be constructed of stone, natural or artificial, concrete, brick, iron or other fireproof materials; and may enact stringent and efficient laws for securing the safety of persons from fires in halls and buildings, used for public assemblies, entertainments or amusements. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.21. To direct the location of all buildings for storing explosives or combustible substances; to regulate the sale and use of gun powder, nitroglycerin, fireworks, gasoline, kerosene, oil or other like materials; to regulate the exhibition of fireworks, the discharge of fire arms, and the making of bonfires in the streets and yards. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.22. To provide for regular and safe construction of houses in the town for the future, and to provide a building code and zoning ordinance or ordinances for the town, to provide set back lines on the streets beyond which no building may be constructed, to require the standard of all dwelling houses be maintained in residential section in keeping with the majority of residences therein and to require the standard of all business houses be maintained in business sections in keeping with the majority of the business houses therein. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.23. To provide for the preservation of the general health of the inhabitants of said town, make regulations to secure the same, inspect all foodstuffs and prevent the introduction and sale in said town of any articles or thing intended for human consumption, which is adulterated, impure or otherwise dangerous to health, and to condemn, seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any such article or thing without liability to the owner thereof; to prevent the introduction or spread of contagious or infectious diseases, and prevent and suppress disease generally; to provide and regulate hospitals within or without the town limits, and if necessary to the suppression of disease, to enforce the removal of persons afflicted with contagious or infectious diseases to hospitals provided for them; to construct and maintain or to aid in the construction and maintenance of a hospital or hospitals for the use of the people of the town; to provide for the organization of a department or bureau of health, to have the powers of a board of health for said town, with the authority necessary for the prompt and efficient performance of the duties, with the power to invest any or all the officials or employees of such department of health with such powers as the police officers of the town have, to establish quarantine ground within or without the town, and establish such quarantine regulations against infectious and contagious diseases as the council may see fit, subject to the laws of the State and of the United States; and to provide for a bureau of vital statistics and require physicians, midwives or parents to make reports thereto. (1954, c. 235)



§ 20.24. To provide and maintain, either within or without the town, charitable, recreative, curative, corrective, detentive, or penal institutions. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.25. To prevent fowls and animals from being kept in or from running at large in the town, and to subject the owners to such regulations and the owner or owners thereof to such penalties as the council may provide. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.26. To prevent the riding or driving of horses or other animals at an improper speed; to prevent the flying of kites, throwing of stones, or engaging in any sort of employment in the public streets which is dangerous or annoying to passersby, and to prohibit and punish the abuse of animals. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.27. Insofar as not prohibited by general law to control, regulate, limit and restrict the operation of motor vehicles carrying passengers for hire upon the streets or alleys of the town; to regulate the use of automobiles and other automotive vehicles upon the streets; to regulate the routes in and through the town to be used by motor vehicle carriers operating in and through said town and to prescribe different routes for different carriers; to prohibit the use of certain streets by motor trucks; and generally to prescribe such regulations respecting motor traffic therein as may be necessary for the general welfare. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.28. To acquire, by condemnation, purchase or otherwise, provide for, maintain, operate and protect aircraft landing fields within the corporate limits of the town. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.29. To exercise full police powers and establish and maintain a department or division of police. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.30. To restrain and punish drunkards, vagrants and street beggars, to prevent and quell riots, disturbances and disorderly assemblages; to suppress houses of ill fame and gambling houses; to prevent and punish lewd, indecent and disorderly exhibitions in said town; and to expel therefrom persons guilty of such conduct who have not resided therein as much as one year. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.31. To make and enforce ordinances, insofar as not prohibited by the general laws of this State, to regulate, control, license and/or tax the manufacture, bottling, sale, distribution, transportation, handling, advertising, possession, dispensing, drinking and use of alcohol, brandy, rum, whiskey, gin, wine, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, stout, and all liquids, beverages and articles containing alcohol by distillation, fermentation or otherwise. (1954, c. 235)

§ 20.32. To do all things whatsoever necessary or expedient and lawful to be done for promoting or maintaining the general welfare, comfort, education, morals, peace, government, health, trade, commerce, or industries of the town, or its inhabitants. (1954, c. 235)

§ 21. A lien shall exist on all real estate, and on each and every interest therein, whether by way of remainder, reversion or otherwise, within the corporate limits, for taxes, levies and assessments in favor of the town, together with all penalties and interest due thereon, assessed thereon from the commencement of the year for which the same were assessed; and taxes accruing during the existence of a life estate, or estate for a term of years, or any estate other than a fee simple estate, shall constitute a lien upon any remainder, reversion or other interest limited after the precedent particular estate. The procedure for collecting the said taxes for selling real estate for town taxes and for the redemption of real estate sold for town taxes shall be the same as provided in the general

law for the State to the same extent as if the provisions of said general law were herein set out at length. The said town and its treasurer shall have the benefit of all other and additional remedies for the collection of town taxes which are now or hereafter may be granted or permitted under the general law. (1954, c. 235)

§ 22. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, said judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said act, but shall be confined in its operation to the part of the act directly involved in the controversy in which said judgment shall have been rendered. (1954, c. 235)

§ 23. This act may be referred to or cited as the Rural Retreat Charter of 1954. (1954, c. 235)